# Future-Proofing Bereavement Services:

The Role of Digital Technology

1st May 2025

### **Agenda**

### **Changing Landscape**

 Evolving challenges and expectations for Local Authorities

### **Practical Examples & Exercises**

Enabling improved operations,
 efficiency and experience

#### What's Next

 Key Considerations to take away from today





### **A Changing Landscape**



As of 2022, 19% of the UK population was aged 65 or older.

This demographic is projected to rise to 27% by 2072.



A study by Co-op Funeralcare revealed that 68% of people now prefer funerals to be celebrations of life rather than traditional sombre events, up from 58% in 2019.



The average cost of a basic funeral in the UK reached £4,285 in 2025, a 3.5% increase from the previous year.

The total "cost of dying," including funerals, professional fees, and wakes, hit a new peak of £9,797. This has led more families to seek cost-effective and digital alternatives for funeral services.

#### **Political**

- Regulatory Compliance: Must adhere to legislation, GDPR, environmental legislation, FOIs
- Public Sector Budget Pressures: Funding cuts or freezes impact service provision and investment in infrastructure/technology.
- Government Policy on Environmental Issues: Increasing pressure to offer greener funeral options, such as natural burials or lowemission cremation technologies.
- Pandemic Learnings: Ongoing public health considerations following COVID-19, and changed behaviours

#### Social

- Changing Funeral Expectations: Shift toward personalised,
   "celebration of life" ceremonies rather than traditional sombre funerals and growth of Direct Cremations.
- Digital Natives and Online Expectations: Families increasingly expect online booking, memorialisation, live-streaming, and digital self-service options.
- Demographic Trends: An older population requires more services; at the same time, diverse cultural and religious needs must be met sensitively.
- Public Transparency and Accountability: High public expectations for clear communication, fairness, and service quality from publicsector organisations.

#### Economic

- Rising Cost of Dying: Funeral costs continue to increase (basic funeral now averages £4,285 in 2025), putting pressure on families and affecting choices.
- Budget Constraints: Local authorities must balance providing quality services with limited financial resources.
- **Demand Management**: An aging population leads to increased demand for services, requiring careful planning.
- Private Sector Competition: Growth of private crematoria and funeral service providers offering high-end or tech-enabled services.

#### **Technological**

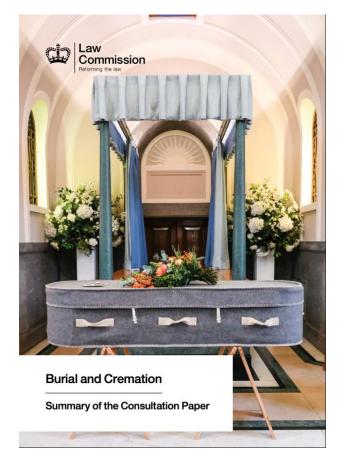
- Digital Transformation: Shift toward online booking systems, digitised records, GIS-based cemetery mapping, and selfservice options for the public.
- Data Protection and Cybersecurity: Increasing importance of secure handling of sensitive bereavement and personal information.
- Green Technologies: Innovations in cremation technology, alternative funerary methods and environmental monitoring systems.



### **Law Commission Review**

#### **Burial, Cremation and New Funerary Methods:**

- Burial and Cremations
- New Funerary Methods
- Rights and Obligations in Relation to Funerals, Funerary
   Methods and Remains





### **Burial and Cremation (Scotland) Act 2016**

- Funeral Director Code of Practice
  - Progress towards FD Licensing
- The Burial and Cremation (Scotland) Act 2016 (Commencement no. 6) Regulations 2024
  - Addresses the duration of burial rights (eff. from 1 March 2026)
- The Burial and Cremation (Inspection) (Scotland) Regulations 2025
  - Grants powers of inspection and enforcement, introduces the Funeral Register
- The Burial (Management) (Scotland) Regulations 2025
  - Formalises key operational aspects, including publicly accessible management plan, duty of maintenance, requirement for memorial testing and power to remove unauthorised memorials.
- The Burial (Applications and Register) (Scotland) Regulations 2024
  - Prescribed forms, ensuring consistency, and accompanying documents. Retained for 50 years from date of burial



### **Practical Examples & Exercises**

### Service & Stakeholder Mapping Exercise

#### Internal Stakeholders

- Bereavement Services
   Manager
- Cemetery/Crematorium Administrators
- Grounds Maintenance Teams
- Chapel Attendants
- Crematorium Technicians
- Memorial Sales Teams
- Customer Services
- Senior LA Management
- Finance/Accounts
- IT and Digital Teams
- Health and Safety Officers
- Climate Officers
- Elected Members

#### **External Stakeholders**

- The Bereaved
- Funeral Directors
- Memorial Masons
- Officiants
- Genealogists and Family History Researchers
- Monumental/Memorial Suppliers
- Funeral Transport Providers
- Public Health Funerals
- Environmental Consultants

#### Regulatory/Oversight Bodies

- The Federation of Burial and Cremation Authorities (FBCA)
- Institute of Cemetery and Crematorium Management (ICCM)
- Environmental Health Officers
- Cremation Authorities and Inspectors (Ministry of Justice)
- Health and Safety Executive (HSE)
- Local Planning Authorities
- Data Protection Authorities (compliance with GDPR)

#### Community/Advocacy Groups

- Friends of the Cemetery Groups
- Veteran and Military
   Associations (for remembrance services)
- Religious Groups and Faith Communities
- Local Residents Associations
- Environmental Campaign Groups
- Bereavement Support Charities (e.g., Cruse Bereavement Care)



### Service & Stakeholder Mapping Exercise



80% of Cremation Bookings will happen via the FD Portal

60% of Memorial Permits will be submitted via the Mason Portal







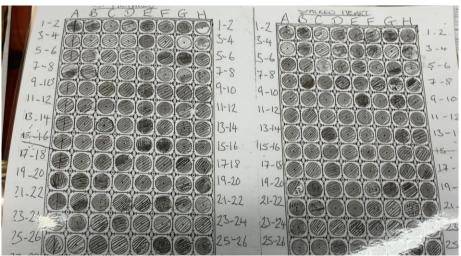




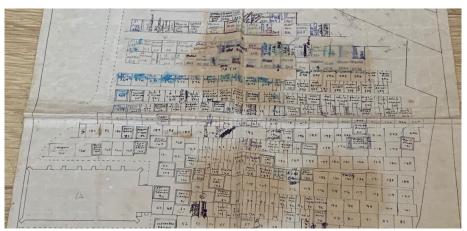




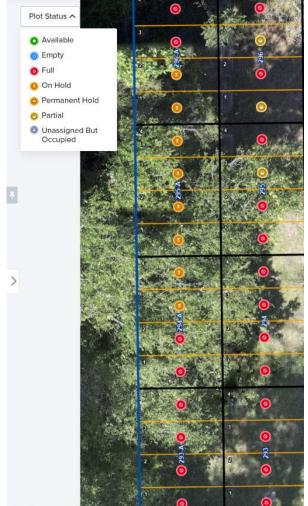






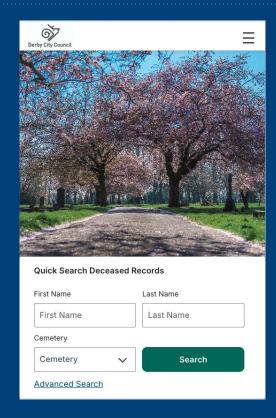
















### **Data and Insights**

### 1) Understand the data you hold...

- Operational Data Burial/Cremation Registers,
   Bookings Data, AV/Streaming Logs, Memorial
   Safety Inspections, Memorial Permits, Work
   Orders
- Customer Facing Data EROB Records,
   Memorial Applications & Leases, Genealogy
   Data, Customer Enquiries/Complaints
- Regulatory & Compliance Data PH Records, EH
   Reports, Financial Transactions, Audit &
   Compliance Reports

### 2) Consider questions to be answered

- Inventory Management are we confident in our remaining capacity / usage trends?
- Potential for Grave Re-Use Are we ready for this? Should we prepare now?
- Return of Ashes Is our record keeping process adequate?
- **FOI Requests** Can we easily respond to these?
- **Internal Audit** How can we be "audit-ready"
- Regulatory/Industry Returns Can we easily generate the CMA, Cremation Society returns?



What's Next

### **Key Takeaways to Consider**

- 1. Operational Excellence & Efficiency staff can access real-time data, respond to queries faster, and reduce manual handovers between systems. Ensure consistency, reduce chance for error.
- **2.** Customer Experience Enhancement Self-service options for public and Funeral Directors will reduce call volumes and empower users. Consistent, accurate service delivery across sites improves trust and supports reputation for quality.
- **3.** Data-Driven Decision-Making Centralised reporting tools provide real-time visibility across all operations. Supports improved financial oversight, trend analysis, and compliance with statutory reporting/audit obligations.
- **4. Consistency & Compliance** Standardised processes help ensure accurate application of fees, service consistency, and reduce the risk of missed revenue or compliance breaches. Digital records and workflow automation **support audit readiness** and documentation best practices.
- **5. Sustainability & ESG** Digital workflows reduce paper usage, travel between sites, and physical storage requirements. Cloud solutions often hosted on Net Zero/Negative infrastructure
- **6. Market Competitiveness & Innovation** Remain competitive with modern operators by adopting leading-edge tools (e.g. digital mapping, online bookings).



## And then, there's Al

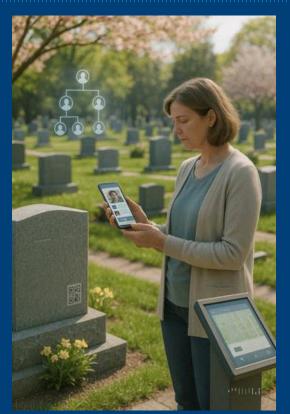






# And then, there's Al





### Thank you.

E: niall.adams@plotbox.io

W: plotbox.com