

On-street EV Charging Pilot Up and Running: Lessons from Oxford City Council

Project Mandate

GO ULTRA LOW OXFORD



- Oxford: moving towards sustainable transport
- Low Emission Zone
- Public and active transport
- Low Emission
 Strategy
- Zero Emission Zone



Congestion







On-street charging

- ULEV uptake low
- Historic & dense urban centre
- 28% terraced houses
- Drivers want to charge 'at home' but most park on street





Project Overview



'At home' charging for residents without access to off-street parking

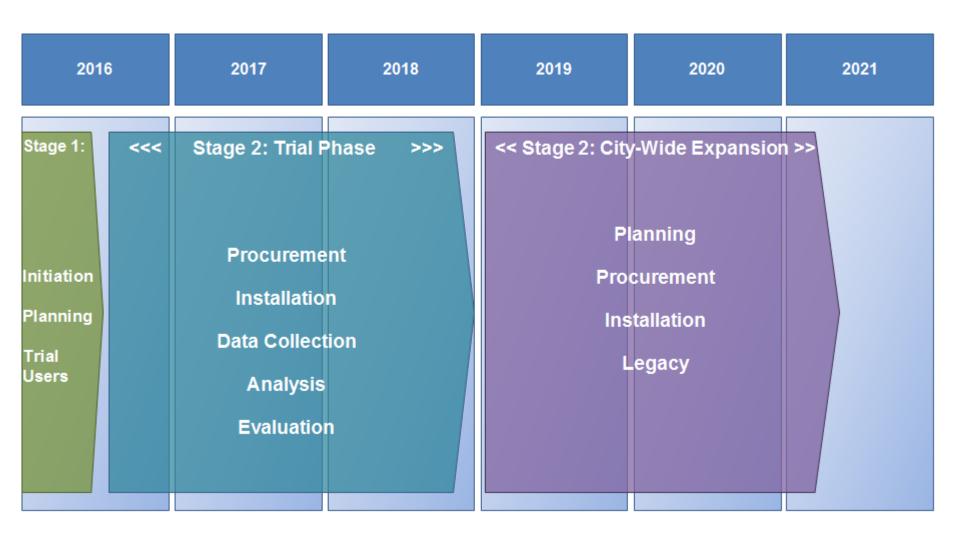
- £800,000 from Go Ultra Low Cities
- Phased approach:
 - Trial
 - Roll-out
- On-street charging



Office for Low Emission Vehicles



Timelines



Phase 1: Technology trials

GO ULTRA LOW OXFORD

Testing practical solutions



- 6 charger types
- New Motion back office
- High to low tech
- Volunteer ULEV drivers
 - 12 purchased after signing up





Lamp column charging

Evolt Opticharge & Ubitricity sockets

Cable channels with home charger

- No dedicated EV charging space
- Access is not public

Charging pillars

- Evolt, Franklin Energy & Zeta
- Public access
- Dedicated EV charging space

newmotion



Trial Evaluation

- Interviews & charging data
- User experience, behaviour change, efficiency, performance, value for money
- Guidance document; options for scaling up







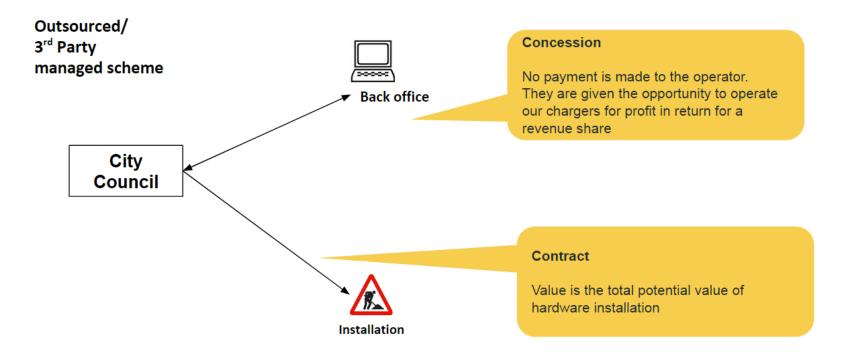
Phase 2: City-wide roll-out





- Up to 100 chargers
- Trial evaluations inform choices
- Legacy & sustainability:
 - Minimise resource needs
 - Revenue generation
 - City-wide policy
 - Share learning

Ownership & Procurement



- Meeting the specification
- Customer service
- Value for money for customers
- Value for the tax-payer's money in the long & short term

Installation

- Location, location, location
- Local engagement
- Pavement width
- Grid constraints
- Street level capacity data
- DNOs and ICPs







THANK YOU